Introduction to President Woodrow Wilson

- President Wilson was the _____ President of the United States.
- President Wilson served ____ term(s) in office from ______ to ______.
- Woodrow Wilson was from the _____.
- Wilson recalled that his first memory as a young boy was that President __________ had just been elected and there was going to be a ____________.
- Wilson didn’t hold public office until ______ when he was elected Governor for the state of ______________.
- Wilson was thought of as ___________ and progressive.
- Prior to entering politics, Wilson spent his professional career as a ____________ and served as the ________ of __________ University before being elected as the President of the United States.
- Wilson was a devout __________ and believed strongly in _______________. He did not believe in repaying _______________ with _______________.
- The onset of ______ plagued Wilson and he promoted a policy of _______________. During re-election campaign in 1916 his slogan became: “___________________”!
- However on April 2, ______, Wilson asked Congress permission to declare war on ________.
- Wilson was the first sitting president to travel to ____________ when he sailed to Paris for the __________________________. After he returned, he embarked on a national speaking tour to endorse his creation ________________ for which he later won the ________________.
- The stress of the traveling led to Wilson suffering a ________, with the extent of his illness being kept from the ________.
- President Wilson was succeeded by ________________. During his last three years of life after leaving public office Wilson continued to practice _____ and speak out in favor of ________________.
Guided Notes - KEY

Introduction to President Woodrow Wilson

- President Wilson was the 28th President of the United States.
- President Wilson served two term(s) in office from 1913 to 1921.
- Woodrow Wilson was from the South.
- Wilson recalled that his first memory as a young boy was that President Abraham Lincoln had just been elected and there was going to be a war.
- Wilson didn’t hold public office until 1911 when he was elected Governor for the state of New Jersey.
- Wilson was thought of as reform minded and progressive.
- Prior to entering politics, Wilson spent his professional career as a professor and served as the President of Princeton University before being elected as the President of the United States.
- Wilson was a devout Presbyterian and believed strongly in religious destiny. He did not believe in repaying political favors with political appointments/jobs.
- The onset of World War I/WWI plagued Wilson and he promoted a policy of cautious neutrality. During re-election campaign in 1916 his slogan became: “He Kept Us Out of War!”.
- However on April 2, 1917, Wilson asked Congress permission to declare war on Germany.
- Wilson was the first sitting president to travel to Europe when he sailed to Paris for the Paris Peace Conference. After he returned, he embarked on a national speaking tour to endorse his creation The League of Nations for which he later won the Nobel Peace Prize.
- The stress of the traveling led to Wilson suffering a stroke, with the extent of his illness being kept from the press.
- President Wilson was succeeded by Warren G. Harding. During his last three years of life after leaving public office he continued to practice law and speak out in favor of The League of Nations.