

Guided Notes

Introduction to President Woodrow Wilson

- President Wilson was the _____ President of the United States.
- President Wilson served _____ term(s) in office from _____ to _____.
- Woodrow Wilson was from the _____.
- Wilson recalled that his first memory as a young boy was that President _____ had just been elected and there was going to be a _____.
- Wilson didn't hold public office until _____ when he was elected Governor for the state of _____.
- Wilson was thought of as _____ and progressive.
- Prior to entering politics, Wilson spent his professional career as a _____ and served as the _____ of _____ University before being elected as the President of the United States.
- Wilson was a devout _____ and believed strongly in _____. He did not believe in repaying _____ with _____.
- The onset of _____ plagued Wilson and he promoted a policy of _____. During re-election campaign in 1916 his slogan became: "_____!"
- However on April 2, _____, Wilson asked Congress permission to declare war on _____.
- Wilson was the first sitting president to travel to _____ when he sailed to Paris for the _____. After he returned, he embarked on a national speaking tour to endorse his creation _____ for which he later won the _____.
- The stress of the traveling led to Wilson suffering a _____, with the extent of his illness being kept from the _____.
- President Wilson was succeeded by _____. During his last three years of life after leaving public office Wilson continued to practice _____ and speak out in favor of _____.

Guided Notes- KEY

Introduction to President Woodrow Wilson

- President Wilson was the 28th President of the United States.
- President Wilson served two term(s) in office from 1913 to 1921.
- Woodrow Wilson was from the South.
- Wilson recalled that his first memory as a young boy was that President Abraham Lincoln had just been elected and there was going to be a war.
- Wilson didn't hold public office until 1911 when he was elected Governor for the state of New Jersey.
- Wilson was thought of as reform minded and progressive.
- Prior to entering politics, Wilson spent his professional career as a professor and served as the President of Princeton University before being elected as the President of the United States.
- Wilson was a devout Presbyterian and believed strongly in religious destiny. He did not believe in repaying political favors with political appointments/jobs.
- The onset of World War I/WWI plagued Wilson and he promoted a policy of cautious neutrality. During re-election campaign in 1916 his slogan became: "He Kept Us Out of War!".
- However on April 2, 1917, Wilson asked Congress permission to declare war on Germany.
- Wilson was the first sitting president to travel to Europe when he sailed to Paris for the Paris Peace Conference. After he returned, he embarked on a national speaking tour to endorse his creation The League of Nations for which he later won the Nobel Peace Prize.
- The stress of the traveling led to Wilson suffering a stroke, with the extent of his illness being kept from the press.
- President Wilson was succeeded by Warren G. Harding. During his last three years of life after leaving public office he continued to practice law and speak out in favor of The League of Nations.