Lesson 6 Quiz

Directions: Answer the following multiple choice, true/false and fill in the answer questions.

1. America’s policy of Cautious Neutrality evaporated and on __________ Congress backed President Wilson and declared war on Germany.
   A. January 17, 1917
   B. April 6, 1917
   C. July 4, 1917
   D. November 11, 1918

2. World War I was a quick war of attrition fought mostly in one country.
   Circle One: TRUE   or   FALSE

3. America joined the Allied Powers as a/an ______________ to maintain freedom of action, avoid foreign entanglements, and ensure it’s ability to shape future peace settlements without being tied to any European agreements.
   A. Allied Power
   B. Central Power
   C. Associated Power
   D. Unilateral Power

4. Dealing with massive losses in their own armies, both ___________ and ___________ leaders urged President Wilson to send military reinforcements to the Western Front.
   Answer: ___________/___________

5. Not convinced that the United States would offer a sufficiently prepared military force, a policy of amalgamation was proposed to train, equip, and incorporate American soldiers into the British and French armies to quickly integrate American battalions and regiments.
   Circle One: TRUE   or   FALSE
6. World War I was fought on multiple fronts with the majority of Americans fighting along the ____________ in France where both armies dug miles of trenches near the German border.
   A. Northern Front
   B. Eastern Front
   C. Southern Front
   D. Western Front

7. Which of the following was NOT a reason the for the total devastation that claimed millions in casualties along multiple battle fronts during WWI:
   A. The minimal use of deadly machine guns, mortars, artillery shells, poisonous gas, and bayonet fighting.
   B. Unprecedented challenges posed by coalition forces fighting a new kind of total war.
   C. The utilization of large-scale military tactics and new technology including the telephone.
   D. The mass production capabilities of belligerents and networks of railroads to transport new rapid-firing weapons.
   E. Years of grueling trench warfare among industrialized belligerent nations.

8. The strips of land between trenches were called __________________________.
   Answer: __________________________

9. Despite camouflage techniques, modernized military uniforms, helmets, gas masks, and other equipment, millions of soldiers were:
   A. Maimed and wounded during the war
   B. Left with disfiguring facial injuries and missing limbs
   C. Impacted by “shell shock”
   D. All of the above

10. The Great War officially came to an end when the Germans signed an armistice with the Allies on November 11, 1918.
    Circle One: TRUE or FALSE
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   A. January 17, 1917
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2. World War I was a quick war of attrition fought mostly in one country.
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3. America joined the Allied Powers as a/an ____________ to maintain freedom of action, avoid foreign entanglements, and ensure it’s ability to shape future peace settlements without being tied to any European agreements.
   A. Allied Power
   B. Central Power
   C. Associated Power
   D. Unilateral Power

4. Dealing with massive losses in their own armies, both ____________ and ____________ leaders urged President Wilson to send military reinforcements to the Western Front.
   Answer: British / French

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   Answer: No-Man’s-Land

9. Despite camouflage techniques, modernized military uniforms, helmets, gas masks, and other equipment, millions of soldiers were:
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